ECONOMICS

CLASS-11 C-ECONOMICS(UNSOLVED)

General Instructions

- There are 34 questions. All questions are compulsory. Internal choices should be considered, where indicated.
- Question Nos. 1 to 10 and 18 to 27 are multiple choice/very short answer type questions of 1 mark each.
 They are required to be answered in one sentence.
- Question Nos. 11 to 12 and 28 to 29 are short answer-I type questions of 3 marks each. Answer to these
 questions should not exceed 60 words each.
- Question Nos. 13 to 15 and 30 to 32 are short answer-II type questions of 4 marks each. Answer to these
 questions should not exceed 70 words each.
- Question Nos. 16 to 17 and 33 to 34 are long answer questions of 6 marks each. Answer to these questions should not exceed 100 words each.

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 80

PART A

		PARTITION OF THE PARTY OF THE P			
-		1 1 1 1 (2)	n help in finding graphically	the	(1)
		(b) mode	n help in finding graphically (c) median	(d) None of these	
	(a) mean	(b) mode	5% are more than 40, then the	quartile deviation is	(1)
	If 25% of the items are (a) 20	(b) 30	(c) 40	(d) 10	(1)
	A graph which is base (a) frequency graph	(h) har graph	(C) time series grapin	(d) histogram	15.
	Airtel, the leading m number of towers of t identify the value con	obile network provi the company in diffe mmunicated by the	ider in the country, has preparent states. Name the table prompany. market share is 55% in a particular presentation and ide	sular sector which in re	eality is
	I.td.				(1)
5.	Goods which are dire (a) final goods (c) capital goods	ectly consumed by t	the consumer are known as (b) intermediate goo (d) None of these	ds	(1)
01	di alo waluo h	oe called statistics? (b) Yes	(c) May be	(d) None of these	(1)
6	What does a high va	alue of 'r' indicate?			

- 7. Why is mean deviation not computed from mode?
- 8. Can coefficient of correlation be 1.98?
- 9. Find the value of arithmetic mean from the following continuous series.

Marks	Number of Students
0-10	8
10-20	2

(a) 6

(b) 7

(c) 8.5

(d) 9

- 10. Is statistics a solution of our problems or means to indicate problems?
- 11. 60 students of section A of class XI, obtained 40 mean marks in Statistics, 40 students of section obtained 35 mean marks in Statistics. Find out mean marks in Statistics for class XI as a whole.

Ans. 38 marks

12. The following table gives the distribution of daily income of 60 families. Calculate the arithmetimean

	7	,					
Daily Income (₹)	Below 75	75-150	150-225	225-300	300-375	375-450	450 and above
Number of Families	6	17	20	6	5	4	2

Ans. ₹ 196.25

or Compute the median from the following data

Marks	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	
Number of Students	2	3	7	8	10	12	14	16	

Ans. M = 42

- 13. Differentiate between economic activity and non-economic activity.
- 14. In a dance competition, two judges accorded following ranks to 10 participants

Judge R	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Judge S	10	6	- 5	4	7	9	8	2	1	3

Calculate coefficient of rank correlation.

Ans. $r_k = -0.6$

15. Calculate the median of the following frequency distribution

Class Interval	10-20	20-40	40-70	70-120	. 120-200
Frequency	4	10	26	s is a second	2

Ans. Median = 52.7

or From the following data of the ages of different persons, determine the modal age

Age (in years)	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
Number of Persons	4	26	32	10	9	6	3

Ans. Modal Age = 32.14 year

16. Draw a Lorenz curve from the data given below

Income	100	200)	400	500	800
Number of Persons	80	70,	50	30	20

17. Percentage of export is shown in the following table. Prepare a pie-diagram to show the distribution of exports.

Export in (%)
25
15
30
20
10

- or Present the following information in a suitable tabular form.
 - (i) In 2005, the number of workers in the trade union was 3450 of which 3200 were men. The number of non-union workers was 760 of which 330 were women.
 - (ii) In 2006, out of a total 4000 workers in a factory, 3300 were members of a trade union. The number of women workers employed was 500 out of which 400 did not belong to any trade union.

	PAF	RTB	
18.	Demand for sugar will be		(1)
		(c) inelastic (d) highly inelastic	
19.	In free market economy, the allocation of reso	urces is determined by	(1)
	(a) votes by consumers	(b) central planning authority	
	(c) consumer preference	(d) motive of profit maximisation	
or	Which of these economy faces central econom	nic problems?	(1)
	(a) Market economy	(b) Mixed economy	
	(c) Socialist economy	(d) All of these	
20.	Define marginal utility.		(1)
	What do you understand by budget line?		(1)
21.	Suggest any one economic measure by whi 'Khadi'.	ch the government can promote the consumptio	on of (1)
22.	Which of the following is the cause of increas	e in supply?	(1)
	(a) Out-dated technology	(b) Increase in price of substitute goods	
	(c) Increase in price of production factor	(d) Increase in price of complementary goods	
23.	What effect does an increase in input price h	ave on the supply curve?	(1)
24	Name the characteristic which makes monor	polistic competition different from perfect competi-	tion.
24.	Name the characteristic which makes money		(1)
25	Sum total of all quantities supplied by all sell	lers refers to	(1)
	(a) market demand	(b) combined supply	
	(c) market supply	(d) direct supply	
26	If increase in production of a commodity ca supply will be	uses a substantial increase in cost of production	then (1)
	(a) less elastic	(b) more elastic	
	(c) unit elastic	(d) perfectly inelastic	
27	• What is the relationship between support pri	ce and equilibrium price?	(1)

28.	Growth and equity are often confronted as conflicting issues while addressing the problem of to produce'. Explain.	'how
29.	"Slope of indifference of the state of the s	(0)

- "Slope of indifference curve is falling in general, however slope of transformation curve is rising."Justify the given statement.
 - or Law of diminishing marginal utility does not hold true in case of money and knowledge. Do you agree? Justifty.
- 30. "Even high price of electricity has failed to reduce it's demand."
 The given statement is a newspaper headline. Keeping in mind the law of demand and elasticity of demand, answer the following questions
 - (i) Why even after the rise in price of electricity the demand has not fallen? Give two reasons.

(4)

(4)

(4)

((HH))

- (ii) Mention any one way through which we can save power.
- (iii) What value is reflected in the above situation?
- **31.** Explain the conditions of producer's equilibrium with the help of a numerical example.
 - or Draw the diagrams of total revenue, average revenue and marginal revenue.
- 32. Why is a firm under perfect competition a price taker and under monopolistic competition a price maker? Explain briefly.
 - or Giving reasons, distinguish between the behaviour of demand curve of firms under perfect competition and monopolistic competition.
- **33.** Define an indifference map. Explain why an indifference curve to the right shows higher utility level.
 - or Explain consumer's equilibrium in case of single commodity, through the utility approach.
- 34. Explain law of variable proportion. Use appropriate schedule and diagram.